

#### FRAUD AND CORRUPTION CONTROL PLAN

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

The operational, financial, social and reputational impact of fraud and corruption on our organisation, and the people it supports, can be significant. Fraud and corruption can:

- Undermine the viability of Council
- Compromise the delivery of essential services to our community
- Breach the trust of stakeholders, sometimes irreparably.

Damage to Council's credibility, including the potential loss of public confidence, lower morale and/or reduced productivity and performance, may far exceed any likely financial or material loss caused.

For these reasons McKinlay Shire Council takes a zero tolerance approach to fraud and corruption. It is important we take steps to prevent fraud and corruption from happening, supported by a hierarchy of governance and controls to build an ethical organisational culture.

#### 2. PURPOSE

This Fraud Control Plan (Plan) provides direction and guidance to McKinlay Shire Council officers and stakeholders on the processes for:

- Prevention of fraud and corruption
- Detection of fraud and corruption and
- Responding to fraud and corruption.

The Plan objectives are to:

- Promote a culture that supports prevention of fraud and corruption;
- Minimise the risk of fraud and corruption within and against the council;
- Details how McKinlay Shire Council deals with suspected fraud and corruption through risk management practices; and
- Provide guidance on how suspected instances of fraud are managed and dealt with by McKinlay Shire Council.

#### 3. SCOPE

This plan applies to all McKinlay Shire Council Councillors, employees, contractors and volunteers.



#### 4. **RESPONSIBILITIES**

The Plan details the different responsibilities and accountabilities of Councillors, managers and employees within council. It requires all public officers to abide by McKinlay Shire Council's Code of Conduct, which prescribes standards of ethical conduct.

In general, McKinlay Shire Council expects public officers will assist in preventing fraud and corruption within Council by:

- Understanding the responsibilities of their position;
- Familiarising themselves with, and adhering to, McKinlay Shire Council policies and procedures;
- Understanding what behaviour constitutes fraudulent and/or corrupt conduct;
- Maintaining an awareness of Council strategies implemented to minimise Fraud and Corruption;
- Being continuously vigilant to the potential for fraud or corruption to occur; and
- Reporting suspected or actual occurrences of fraud or corruption in accordance with Part 6 of this Plan.

## **SPECIFIC RESPONSIBILITIES**

Role	Responsibilities	
Councillors	Collectively, as the decision making body of the Council, <b>Councillors</b> are responsible for ensuring that McKinlay Shire Council:	
	<ul> <li>promotes community awareness of Council's commitment to the prevention of fraud and corruption;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>provides adequate security for the prevention of fraud and corruption, including the provision of secure facilities for storage of assets, and procedures to deter fraud or corruption from occurring;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>provides mechanisms for receiving allegations of fraud or corruption, including ensuring a responsible officer is appointed;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>ensures that, where appropriate, proper investigations are conducted into allegations that involve fraud or corruption;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>makes reports of suspicions of fraud in accordance with Part 6 of this Plan and facilitates cooperation with any investigation undertaken by an external authority (such as Queensland Audit Office or the Crime and Corruption Commission);</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>ensures that all employees are provided with appropriate and regular training to raise awareness of their responsibilities in relation to fraud and corruption</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>promotes a culture and environment in which fraud and corruption is actively discouraged and is readily reported should it occur; and</li> </ul>	



	<ul> <li>undertakes a fraud and corruption risk assessment on a regular basis.</li> </ul>
Managers	Managers are responsible for:
	<ul> <li>the oversight of the conduct of any employees whom they supervise;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>any property under their control and will be held accountable for such;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>reporting suspicions of fraud in accordance with Part 6 of this Plan;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>creating an environment in which fraud and corruption is discouraged and readily reported by employees. This should be fostered by the manager's own attitude and behaviours to fraud and corruption and, by the accountability and integrity they both display and encourage from other employees;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>ensuring that new employees for whom they are responsible are aware of their responsibilities in relation to fraud and corruption and, of the standard of conduct expected from all employees as outlined in the McKinlay Shire Council Code of Conduct and Fraud Policy;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>identifying potential fraud and corruption risks; and</li> </ul>
	leading by example to promote ethical behaviour.
Employees	Employees are responsible for:
	<ul> <li>performing their functions and duties with care, diligence, honesty and integrity;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>conducting themselves in a professional manner at all times;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>adhering to these guidelines and other Council procedures that have been established to prevent fraud or corruption;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>taking care of Council's property which includes avoiding the waste or misuse of McKinlay Shire Council resources;</li> </ul>
	maintaining and enhancing the reputation of Council:
	<ul> <li>remaining scrupulous in the use of Council information, assets, funds, property, goods or services; and</li> </ul>
	reporting suspicions of fraud in accordance with Part 6 of this Plan.

# 5. FRAUD RISK ASSESSMENT

McKinlay Shire Council main objective in the prevention and control of Fraud and Corruption is to minimise the occurrence of Fraud and Corruption within the Council. This objective is generally achieved by:



- identifying fraud and corruption risks;
- determining strategies to control those risks; and
- defining responsibility for and, the time frame within which the strategies will be implemented.

Council will facilitate the systematic identification, analysis and evaluation of risks within its business operations. Council will maintain a fraud risk register documenting identified fraud risks and the controls that are in place to mitigate them.

The risk assessment considers the combined influences of the following factors on the activities of Council:

- the environment (both internal and external) within which Council operates;
- the timeframe and deadlines in which Council operates; and
- an overall assessment of Council's internal controls.

Managers must be alert to the potential of fraud and corruption to occur and remain wary of factors which may leave the Council vulnerable to fraud and corruption, including:

- changes to delegations;
- implementation of cost cutting measures;
- contracting out and outsourcing;
- the impact of new technology; and
- changes to risk management practices.

## 6. REPORTING ALLLEGATIONS OF FRAUD

Any public officer who suspects, or becomes aware of, breaches of the Code of Conduct, including fraud and corruption, should report the matter without delay to a supervisor or manager.

A number of reporting options are available, including:

- Reporting the incident to the employee's manager/supervisor;
- Reporting the incident to the Director of Corporate & Community Services; and
- Making a Public Interest Disclosure under the *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010*.

Officers should provide information on the alleged fraud using the *Fraud Allegation Report Form* available within InfoXpert. The information provided includes:

- Details of the suspected offence, and
- Details of the suspected offender(s) where known.

Management recognises that the reporting of fraud and corruption is a sensitive issue (especially against work colleagues). To affirm the integrity of this function therefore, management will, as far



as practicable, ensure the confidentiality of information provided. It will achieve this by maintaining the confidentiality of both the complainant and suspect and by avoiding rumours, morale problems and the possibility of wilful destruction of evidence. Regardless of the reporting option exercised, Council will take all practical steps to protect the welfare of the person making the report.

McKinlay Shire Council's Grievance Policy governs reports of suspected or actual fraud or corruption.

An allegation by an officer of a substantial misuse of public resources may fall within the definition of a public interest disclosure (PID) and is covered by the McKinlay Shire Council's Public Interest Disclosure Policy.

### 7. VEXATIOUS, MISLEADING OR FALSE REPORTING

There could be occasion when a party may make an allegation of fraud against an employee (or contractor, volunteer, consultant or work experience student) with the intention of causing that person harm, damage or disruption.

Vexatious, misleading or false reporting can waste time and resources in investigating the matter. This can also cause the person who is subject to the allegation a significant amount of emotional trauma and stress.

Any vexatious, misleading or false reporting of any allegation of fraud will not be tolerated and will have serious consequences to the person bringing about such an allegation.

### 8. INVESTIGATION PROCESS

All reports, information, complaints and notifications concerning alleged fraud activity or corrupt behaviour are referred to the Director Corporate & Community Services through the investigation process in the first instance and reviewed by the Chief Executive Officer. The reviewer will determine, where appropriate, the proposed investigation scope and appoint an investigating officer. An investigation is then initiated and conducted by the investigating officer.

It is a reasonable and lawful workplace direction for Council to ask that employees participate in the investigation process. Witnesses are informed of their rights and obligations before an investigation, including information about the terms of reference of the investigation, employee's legislative obligations, the investigation process, natural justice, interviews and what each party can expect from the other during an investigation.

Substantiated allegations of fraud activity or corrupt behaviour may result in formal disciplinary action including dismissal. Any allegation involving criminal offences against the Council by employees or external parties needs to be referred to the Queensland Police Service (QPS).



#### 9. FRAUD AWARENESS

McKinlay Shire Council recognises that the success and credibility of the Fraud Policy and Fraud Control Plan will largely depend on how effectively they are communicated throughout the organisation and beyond.

McKinlay Shire Council will therefore, from time to time take proactive steps towards ensuring that the wider community is aware of the Council's zero-tolerance stance towards fraud and corruption.

McKinlay Shire Council will increase community awareness by:

- promoting Council initiatives and policies regarding the control and prevention of fraud and corruption on the Council website and at Council offices;
- including guidance on their website, for both council staff and external parties, on how to report suspicions of fraud;
- making reference to fraud and corruption initiatives in the Council's Annual Report; and
- facilitating public access to all of the documents that constitute the Council's Fraud and Corruption framework.

### 10. ACTIONS TO PREVENT, DETECT AND, RESPOND TO FRAUD

The Plan is based on the 10 component model detailed in the Crime and Corruption Commission publication *Fraud and Corruption Control: Best Practice Guide (2018)*. The ten areas on which Council focus the fraud and corruption preventions efforts on are:

- 1. Coordination mechanisms
- 2. Risk Management system
- 3. Internal Controls
- 4. Reporting Processes
- 5. Protection for Disclosers
- 6. External Reporting
- 7. Investigation Management Processes
- 8. Code of Conduct
- 9. Organisational Culture Change
- 10. Client and Community Awareness Program



# PHASE 1: PREVENTION OF FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

This stage outlines the frameworks, systems and processes in place across the local government to promote and support the prevention of fraud and corruption.

W	/hat	How	Who	When
Element	Component	Action Plan	Oversight	Timeline
Integrated	Fraud Policy	Senior management to endorse and	Chief	Every
Policy	and Control	promote the Plan and to ensure staff	Executive	three
	Plan	awareness of the plan on an ongoing	Officer	years.
		basis.		
		Include relevant staff who are	Chief	Every
		involved in prevention activities in	Executive	three
		reviews of the Plan.	Officer	years.
Risk	Risk profile	Consider and assess fraud and	Chief	Review
assessment	and	corruption risk and include in the	Executive	every
	management	overall Corporate Risk Register	Officer	three
				years.
Internal	Corporate	Develop, approve, review and	Chief	Ongoing
Controls	Governance	update various governance policies	Executive	Suggest
	Framework	e.g. Code of Conduct, Ethics Policy,	Officer	review
		Conflict of Interest, Public Interest		policies
		Disclosure Policy, Fraud Policy,		every
		Procurement Policy, Entertainment		three
		& Hospitality Policy, Gifts Policy etc.		years
		(these are illustrations only)		
		Outline clear accountability and	Chief	
		reporting responsibilities in staff	Executive	
		position descriptions.	Officer	
		Where fraud risks are known to exist	Respective	
		(e.g. procurement, capital	managers	
		expenditure management, payroll,		
		travel, entertainment recruitment		
		etc), clearly document work		
		processes and make available to		
		council officers.		
		Conduct screening of potential new	Human	
		employees. As a minimum all	resources	
		employees should be subject to		
		referee checks, but also consider		
		undertaking Police checks.	21.5	
	Accountabilit	Monitor recordkeeping for	Chief	As
	y and	adherence to record keeping and	Executive	required
	responsibility	document management policies.	Officer	
	structures	Supervisors to monitor compliance	Respective	Ongoing



		with work procedures.	managers	
		Supervisors to ensure proper and	Respective	
		adequate advice and support is	managers	
		provided to staff on procedures	managers	
		where needed.		
			Conjor	
		Senior executives and managers to	Senior	
		demonstrate adherence to work	Management	
		procedures.	group	
		Organisation chart to be kept	Corporate	
		updated and available to all officers.	Service	
			Director/HR	
			Manager	
		Include prevention of fraud and	HR Manager/	As
		corruption as part of job description	Director	required
		documentation for all staff	Corporate	
			Service	
		Review and update delegations	Chief	Ongoing
		register regularly.	Executive	and
			Officer	regular
	Internal	Internal Audit to regularly review	Chief	Ongoing
	Audit	governance, risk management and	Executive	
		internal control processes, and issue	Officer	
		and provide recommendations for		
		improved systems.		
	Conflicts of	Regularly review Conflict of Interest	Chief	Annually
	Interest and	Policy and procedures and keep up	Executive	
	Personal	to date.	Officer	
	disclosures	Register of Interests for councillors	Chief	Ongoing
		and senior executives must be kept	Executive	and
		up to date and disclosed where	Officer and	regular
		appropriate.	Mayor	
		All staff to make annual declarations	Human	Annually
		of conflict of interests and related	Resource	
		party transactions; and a register of	Manager	
		interests maintained.		
	Committees	Form Governance committee to	Council	Ongoing
	and	specifically address fraud and	Council	
	Workgroups	corruption risk (e.g. audit		
	vvoi kgi oups			
		committee, governance & finance		
C+off	Policies and	committee etc).	Chiof	Ongoine
Staff		Policies and procedures and other	Chief	Ongoing as
Education	procedures	related processes and information	Executive	required
and		must be made available on intranet	Officer	
awareness	Training and	Provide appropriate training to all	Human	Annually
	awareness	staff on the contents and purposes	Resource	
		of the Fraud Policy and Fraud	Manager	



		Control Plan		
		Corporate Plan to refer to values and ethical conduct and how the local government tracks this aspect.	Chief Executive Officer	Ongoing as required
Code of Conduct	Induction program	Provide each new employee information on fraud and corruption control.	Human Resource Manager/	Within one month of arrival
	Staff training	Promote ethical culture and awareness of fraud and corruption prevention and controls through the code of conduct training.	Director Corporate Service	Annually and when the Code is revised
	Staff performance and development	Include culture, values and an organizational understanding in the performance appraisal and performance development processes of each council employee.		Every twelve months
Client and Community Awareness	Policies and procedures	Include Fraud and Corruption Policy and Fraud Control Plan on the website. Keep it available for anyone who requests a copy.	Chief Executive Officer	Ongoing as required
	Training and awareness	Make external parties dealing with the local government aware of the Fraud and Corruption Policy and Plan. Publish guidance on Council website on how to make a complaint or report suspicions of fraud.	All staff and officers making procurement s	
	RTI, Privacy requests and RTI Disclosure Log	Promptly actions requests for information on the plan and publish required information on website.	Chief Executive Officer	



# PHASE 2: DETECTION OF FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

This stage outlines the systems and processes in place across the local government to detect and expose fraud and corruption.

W	hat	How	Who	When
Element	Component	Action Plan	Oversight	Timeline
Internal	Work	Each functional area should	Respective	Ongoing
Controls	processes	develop clearly documented work	managers	
		procedures which are		
		communicated to staff.		
		Awareness and training of		
		workflows and work processes		
		must be provided		
		Specific functional area processes	Respective	
		must be complied with.	managers	
Public	Management	Public Interest Disclosure policy	Chief	Biannual
Interest	of Public	and processes will be reviewed	Executive	
Disclosures	Interest	and kept updated	Officer	
	Disclosure	Management to take all	Senior	Ongoing
		reasonable steps to protect	management	
		disclosers and ensure all	group	
		victimisation is dealt with swiftly		
		and appropriately		
		All staff must comply with the	Respective	Ongoing
		policy and procedures	managers	
Internal	Fraud	Make Fraud Allegation Reporting	Corporate	Ongoing
Reporting	allegations	form readily available to all staff	Governance	
		to allow reporting of suspicions of	Manager	
		fraud.		
		Maintain appropriate register and		
		records of all allegations received.		
	Internal audit	Ensure that the internal audit plan	Chief	Ongoing as
		takes into account fraud risk	Executive	required
		incidents as reported in the Risk	Officer	but
		Register.		minimum
		Council to respond promptly to	Chief	as per the
		audit findings and	Executive	Strategic
		recommendations.	Officer	Audit Plan
	Informal	Culture of reporting to be	All managers	Ongoing
	reporting	supported and promoted through		
		induction, training, the intranet,		
		organisational planning and		
		policies and procedures.		



Investigation	Investigation	Staff must report all suspected	Chief	As
S	process and	instances of misconduct to the HR	Executive	required
	procedures	manager or Director of Corporate	Officer	
		& Community Services or directly		
		to the CEO		

# PHASE 3: RESPONSE TO FRAUD AND CORRUPTION

This stage outlines the systems and processes in place across the local government to respond to fraud and corruption within local government and the various channels to ensure improvements or remedies for fraud and corruption.

W	hat	How	Who	When
Element	Component	Action Plan	Oversight	Timeline
Risk	Fraud	Report all alleged or proven fraud	Chief	Report
Managemen	Incident	and/or corruption instances as a	Executive	Incident
t System	Register	risk incident and record in the	Officer	within 24
		Fraud Incident Register.		hours of
				identification
				Update
				Register
				within 48
				hours of
				incident
				reporting
	Fraud Risk	Risk incidents and periodical risk	Chief	As required
	reporting	reports are to be used to identify	Executive	and quarterly
		risks, review risks mitigation	Officer	
		strategies.		
Investigation	Conduct	Conduct investigations according	Chief	Ongoing as
Managemen	investigation	to Disciplinary Policy and	Executive	required
t processes	S	Procedures, Public Interest	Officer	
		Disclosures Policy & Procedures.		
		The HR Manager, Director of		
		Corporate Service and the CEO		
		will decide whether the allegation		
		constitutes improper conduct.		
	Report	Investigation outcomes are to be	Senior	
	investigation	supported and implemented by	Manageme	
	S	such means as are determined by	nt team	
		the Senior management team		
Internal	Policies and	Review policies and procedures	Chief	Ongoing as
Controls	Procedures	taking into account recent risk	Executive	required
		incidents and in response to	Officer	
		recommendations made by		
		investigators, internal or external		



		audit.		
Client and Community Awareness program	Training/ Awareness program	Reinforce awareness of internal controls/prevention mechanism through training on any new processes or procedures  State and reinforce Council's stance on fraud and corruption through relevant corporate communications.	Human Resource Manager Chief Executive Officer	Ongoing as required
External reporting	Mandatory reporting	Report fraud and corruption to following agencies in line with legislation:  Report suspected corrupt conduct, which includes fraud, to CCC  Notify reportable losses to Auditor General, Minister and Police if relevant.  Implement all CCC recommendations	Chief Executive Officer	Ongoing as required
	Governance publications	Report fraud prevention and control matters in Annual Report, Corporate Plan and Operational Plan.	Chief Executive Officer	Annually and as required

<sup>\*</sup>Oversight - This refers to the person or group who is to ensure the item in the action plan is done, as distinct from the person or group who is responsible for actioning the item. The exception to this is a reference to "All staff" where oversight is not practical.

## 11. REVIEW

The Plan will be reviewed biannually, however, the following may trigger an earlier review:

- Significant fraud or corruption event affecting the local government;
- Identification of any significant trends in fraud or corruption locally or globally.

#### 12. RESOLUTION

Adopted by Council on the 17<sup>th</sup> May by Council Resolution XXXX/0XX.



Officer responsible for review:

Chief Executive Officer	Date

**Director Corporate & Community Services** 

THIS PLAN IS TO REMAIN IN FORCE UNTIL OTHERWISE DETERMINED BY COUNCIL.

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